

The EU biodiversity policy

VLEVA meeting on "Wat met het Europees biodiversiteitsbeleid na 2020?" Brussels, 12/09/2019

Stefan Leiner European Commission DG Environment







"Preserving and restoring our ecosystem needs to guide all of our work"

Enhanced public awareness

Le Monde

onsulter journal

ACTUALITÉS

ÉCONOMIE ~

VIDÉOS ~

OPINIONS ~

CULTURE ~

MIEMAG

PLANÈTE • BIODIVERSITÉ

Biodiversité : une espèce sur huit, animale et végétale, risque de disparaître à brève échéance

Le rapport mondial alerte sur la disparition accélérée de la vie sauvage, sur la Terre comme au fond des océans, qui menace l'humanité.

Par Pierre Le Hir • Publié le 06 mai 2019 à 10h17 - Mis à jour le 08 mai 2019 à 18h13

Ö Lecture 10 min

Environment ► Climate change Wildlife Energy Pollution

Insects

Plummeting insect numbers 'threate' collapse of nature'

Exclusive: Insects could vanish within a century at current rate of decline, says global review

Why are insects in decline, and can we do anything about it?

Damian Carrington Environment



BIODIVERSIDAD

OPINIÓN BOSQUES REDINATURA ESPECIES MEDIO AMBIENTE



La batalla por salvar el bosque primitivo de Bialowieza

carlos MarTiNEZ (31/05/2019 - 16:26 GEST El Gobierno polaco taló en 2016 varias zonas del área protegida por la Unesco. Nuevos planes de gestión amenazan de nuevo el entorno



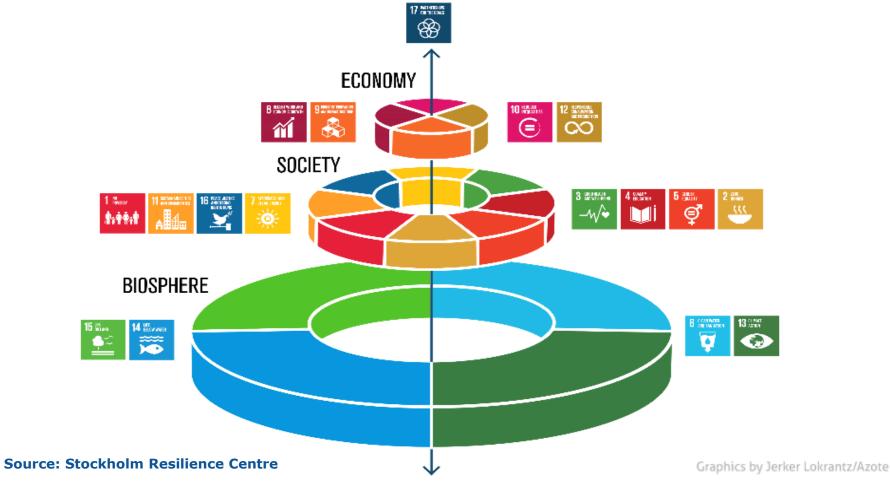
Lifestyk Volksbegehren Artenvielfalt



Die Initiative die Bienen" z Änderungen bayerischen



Natural Capital underpins our economy and well-being





Natural Capital – how much it's worth



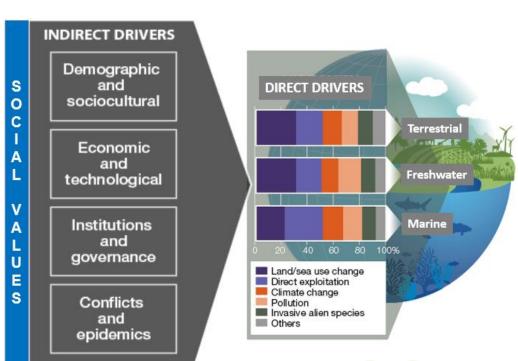


WITH BEES

WITHOUT BEES



The global biodiversity crisis



EXTINCTION RATE 2.5 **Amphibians** Background rate (0.1–2 extinctions per million species per year) CUMULATIVE % OF SPECIES THAT BECAME EXTINCT 2.0 Mammals Birds 1.5 1.0 Fishes 0.5 1500 1600 1700 1800 1900 2018 YEAR

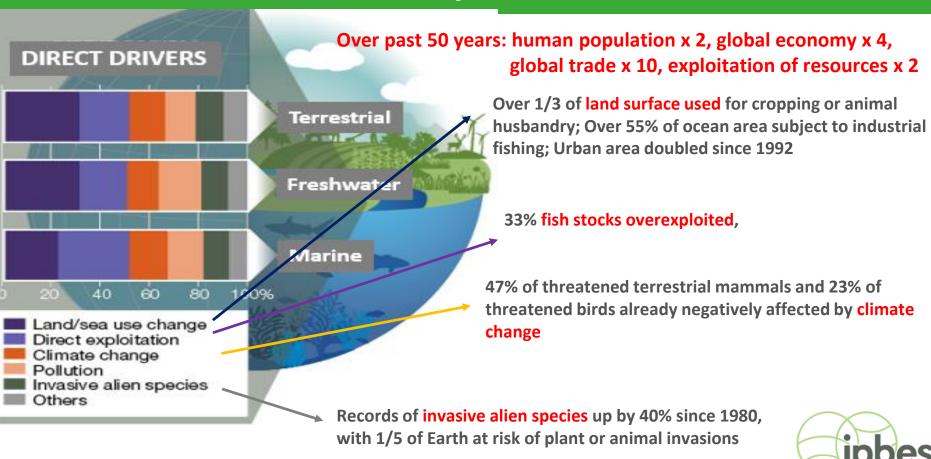
Source: IPBES Global assessment 2019



1 Million
Animal and Plant Species
at Risk of Extinction



Global biodiversity crisis – main drivers



Science and Policy for People and Nature



We're not starting from scratch

Long history of EU committment:

- ✓ **Birds** Directive 1979
- **✓ Habitats** Directive 1992
- ✓ LIFE Fund (including an envelope on nature/biodiversity) 1992
- ✓ Invasive Alien Species IAS Regulation 2014
- ✓ The EU is a Party to several MEAs (CBD, CMS, Bern, CITES etc.)
- ✓ Other Env policy tools (WFD, MSFD, EIA/SEA, ...)
- ✓ Integration into wider EU policies (Agriculture, Regional Policy, Research, Fisheries, Development Cooperation, etc...





Current policy/legal framework: EU Biodiversity Strategy to 2020

Headline target: halt the loss of biodiversity and ecosystem services in the EU, and restore them as far as possible, while also helping to avert global biodiversity loss

T -		- 4	4	_
12	ro			•
Ta	15	CL	_	8

Fully
Implement
Birds &
Habitats
Directives

Target 2:

Protect and restore ecosystems and their services

Target 3:

Sustainable agriculture and forestry

Target 4:

Sustainable fisheries and marine ecosystems

Target 5:

Combat invasive alien species

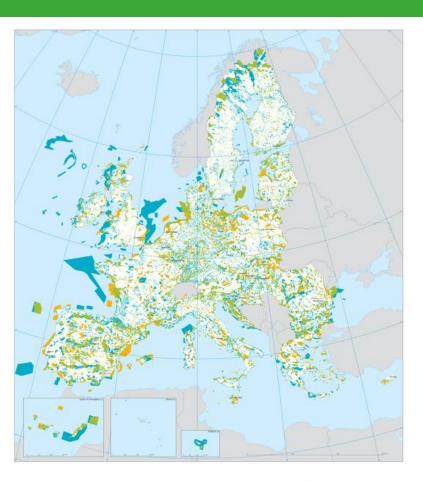
Target 6:

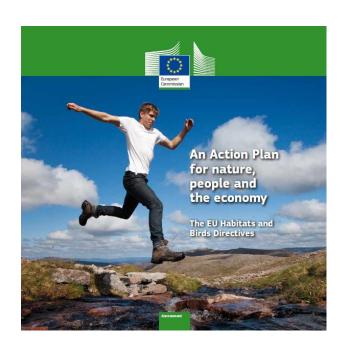
Help to avert global biodiversity loss

Horizontal measures: partnerships, knowledge, financing



Birds and Habitats Directives - The Natura 2000 Network













Non-legislative tools to protect Nature and Biodiversity

- ✓ EU Pollinators Initiative
- √ Guidance on Deploying Green and Blue Infrastructure
- √ Guidance Integrating ecosystem services into decision-making
- **✓** Work on **Natural Capital Accounting**
- ✓ Finance for biodiversity (LIFE, EU-Invest, Climate finance, etc)
- ✓ MAES (mapping and assessing ecosystems and their services)
- ✓ Building partnerships (Business and Biodiversity Platform)
- ✓Etc.

... and mainstreaming into other EU policies!



The European Green Deal

- To be presented in the first 100 days of the new college
- Climate neutrality by 2050, 50% reduction by 2030, European Climate Pact
- Just Transition Fund
- Lead the world at CBD CoP15
- ➤ EU Biodiversity Strategy for 2030
- Zero pollution
- Circular economy 2.0
- Sustainable food and agriculture farm to fork





A new Global Biodiversity Framework

- ➤ To be adopted at CBD CoP 15 end 2020 in Kunmin, China
- 2° equivalent for biodiversity apex goal bending the curve
- SMART ambitious but realistic targets with indicators
- address state drivers enabling conditions 3 objectives of the convention
- Better enforcement monitoring, review, commitments, ratcheting up





Leading by example, the EU 2030 biodiversity strategy

- Achieve healthy ecosystems and favourable conservation status by 2050
- SMART targets for 2030
- marine and terrestrial protected areas
- address 5 drivers (overexploitation, land-use change, climate change, pollution, IAS)
- sustainable management of all land and sea ecosystems (agriculture, forestry, fisheries, healthy ecosystems,...)
- roll out nature-based solutions aimed at the conservation and restoration of healthy and carbon-rich ecosystems
- reduce Europe's global footprint (sustainable consumption, commodities, trade)
- funding and sustainable financing
- integration of natural capital into private and public decision-making
- cooperation with business, youth, etc...,
- research, monitoring and knowledge





Agriculture and Biodiversity

Now

- > negative farmland biodiversity trends (farmland Birds, insect pollinators, ...)
- > CAP is now 38% of EU Budget = THE biggest EU fund for environment
- New Proposal on the table aims to enhance environmental performance
- MS have the choice to:
 - invest more money on measures good for environment
 - not pay for unsustainable agricultural practices
 - spend public money for public goods

<u>Future</u>

- a sustainable EU food policy farm to fork
- reduce pesticides and fertilisers use ?
- foster agroecology and organic farming?
- restore healthy pollinator populations?





Thank you ,for your attention



